

[Skip to main content](#)

Cortenema (Hydrocortisone)

??? ??????: 30 ?????2/????? 2017

Local pain or burning, and rectal bleeding attributed to CORTENEMA (hydrocortisone) * have been reported rarely. Apparent exacerbations or sensitivity reactions also occur rarely. The following adverse reactions should be kept in mind whenever corticosteroids are given by rectal administration.

Sodium retention; fluid retention; congestive heart failure in susceptible patients; potassium loss; hypokalemic alkalosis; **Fluid and Electrolyte Disturbances:** Muscle weakness; steroid myopathy; loss of muscle mass; osteoporosis; vertebral compression fractures; aseptic necrosis of **Musculoskeletal:**hypertension. Peptic ulcer with possible perforation and hemorrhage; pancreatitis; abdominal **Gastrointestinal:** femoral and humeral heads; pathologic fracture of long bones. impaired wound healing; thin fragile skin; petechiae and ecchymoses; facial erythema; increased sweating; may **Dermatologic:**distention; ulcerative esophagitis. Convulsions; increased intracranial pressure with papilledema (pseudo-tumor cerebri) usually after treatment; vertigo;**Neurological:** suppress reactions to skin tests. Menstrual irregularities; development of Cushingoid state; suppression of growth in pediatric patients; secondary adrenocortical and pituitary **Endocrine:** headache. unresponsiveness, particularly in times of stress, as in trauma, surgery or illness, decreased carbohydrate tolerance; manifestations of latent diabetes requirements
Posterior subcapsular cataracts; increased intraocular pressure; glaucoma; **Ophthalmic:** for insulin or oral hypoglycemic agents in diabetics. Negative nitrogen balance due to protein catabolism.**Metabolic:** exophthalmos.