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## Adoxa (Doxycycline Capsules)

??? ??????: 30 ?????2/????? 2017

Due to oral doxycycline's virtually complete absorption, side effects to the lower bowel, particularly diarrhea, have been infrequent. The following adverse reactions have been observed in patients receiving tetracyclines:

Anorexia, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, glossitis, dysphagia, enterocolitis, and inflammatory lesions (with monilial overgrowth) in the anogenital **Gastrointestinal:** region. These reactions have been caused by both the oral and parenteral administration of tetracyclines. Rare instances of esophagitis and esophageal ulcerations have been reported in patients receiving capsule and tablet forms of drugs in the tetracycline class. Most of these patients took medications immediately before **)DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION.**going to bed. (See

**)WARNINGS.** Maculopapular and erythematous rashes. Exfoliative dermatitis has been reported but is uncommon. Photosensitivity is discussed above. (See **Skin:**

**)WARNINGS.** Rise in BUN has been reported and is apparently dose related. (See **Renal toxicity:**

Urticaria, angioneurotic edema, anaphylaxis, anaphylactoid purpura, pericarditis, and exacerbation of systemic lupus erythematosus. **Hypersensitivity reactions:**

Hemolytic anemia, thrombocytopenia, neutropenia, and eosinophilia have been reported with tetracyclines. **Blood:**

**)PRECAUTIONS-General.** Bulging fontanels in infants and intracranial hypertension in adults. (See **Other:**

When given over prolonged periods, tetracyclines have been reported to produce brown-black microscopic discoloration of the thyroid gland. No abnormalities of thyroid function are known to occur.